

Differential Geometry

Homework 9

due on Wednesday, November 23

1. Let M be a connected manifold of dimension d , which is not orientable. Show that $H_c^d(M) = 0$ as follows. Let \widetilde{M} denote the set of orientations for all the tangent spaces $T_p M$:

$$\widetilde{M} = \{(p, [\mu_p]) : [\mu_p] \text{ is an orientation for } T_p M\}.$$

Given a chart $\phi : U \subset M \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^d$, consider the map $\widetilde{\phi}^{-1} : \phi(U) \rightarrow \widetilde{M}$ defined by

$$\widetilde{\phi}^{-1}(x^1, \dots, x^d) = (\phi^{-1}(x^1, \dots, x^d), [dx^1 \wedge \dots \wedge dx^d]).$$

One calls \widetilde{M} the **orientation cover of M** . Show that:

- \widetilde{M} is an orientable manifold of dimension d ;
 - The map $\pi : \widetilde{M} \rightarrow M$, $(p, [\mu_p]) \mapsto p$, is a double covering of M , *i.e.*, show that for each $p \in M$ there exists an open set $U \ni p$ such that $\pi^{-1}(U) = V_1 \cup V_2$, where V_1, V_2 are disjoint open sets and $\pi|_{V_i}$ is a diffeomorphism ($i = 1, 2$);
 - The map $\Phi : \widetilde{M} \rightarrow \widetilde{M}$, $(p, [\mu_p]) \mapsto (p, -[\mu_p])$, is a diffeomorphism that changes orientation and satisfies $\pi = \pi \circ \Phi$, $\Phi \circ \Phi = \text{id}$;
 - $\widetilde{\omega} \in \Omega^k(\widetilde{M})$ is of the form $\widetilde{\omega} = \pi^* \omega$, for some $\omega \in \Omega^k(M)$, if and only if $\Phi^* \widetilde{\omega} = \widetilde{\omega}$;
 - Conclude that we must have $H_c^d(M) = 0$.
2. Compute $H^\bullet(M)$, when:
- $M = \mathbb{P}^d$;
 - $M = \mathbb{T}^2$.