

Homework # 2

1. (§5.1 (1c)) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 (xye^{x+y}) dy dx$.
2. (§5.2 (6)) Compute the volume of the solid bounded by the surface $z = \sin y$, the planes $x = 1$, $x = 0$, $y = 0$ and $y = \frac{\pi}{2}$, and the XY plane.
3. (§5.3 (2a)) Evaluate and sketch the region of integration, $\int_{-3}^2 \int_0^{y^2} (x^2 + y) dx dy$.
4. (§5.4 (2a)) Find $\int_{-1}^1 \int_{|y|}^1 (x + y)^2 dx dy$.

5. Prove that

$$(a) \int_0^1 \left\{ \int_0^1 \frac{x-y}{(x+y)^3} dy \right\} dx = \frac{1}{2}.$$

$$(b) \int_0^1 \left\{ \int_0^1 \frac{x-y}{(x+y)^3} dx \right\} dy = -\frac{1}{2}.$$

What happened with Fubini's theorem?

6. Compute $\int_0^a \int_0^z \int_0^y e^{(a-x)^3} dx dy dz \quad (a > 0)$.

7. * Prove that

$$\int_0^x \left\{ \int_0^y \left[\int_0^t f(u) du \right] dt \right\} dy = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^x (x-u)^2 f(u) du.$$

Hint. Set $I(x) = \int_0^x \left\{ \int_0^y \left[\int_0^t f(u) du \right] dt \right\} dy$ and $J(x) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^x (x-u)^2 f(u) du$, and then take derivatives. We have not put conditions on f . Assume what you need to work out this problem.

8. Calculate $\int \int_{\mathcal{R}} \frac{1}{x+y} dy dx$, where \mathcal{R} is the region bounded by $x = 0$, $y = 0$, $x+y = 1$ and $x+y = 4$, by using the mapping $T(u, v) = (u - uv, uv)$.
9. Integrate $x^2 + y^2 + z^2$ over the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 \leq 2$, $-2 \leq z \leq 3$.
10. Find the center of mass of the region between $y = 0$ and $y = x^2$, where $0 \leq x \leq \frac{1}{2}$.