

# Geometric Mechanics

## Homework 10

*Due on November 26*

1. Recall that the upper half plane  $H = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid y > 0\}$  has a Lie group structure, given by the operation

$$(x, y) \cdot (z, w) := (yz + x, yw),$$

and that the hyperbolic plane corresponds to the left-invariant metric

$$g := \frac{1}{y^2} (dx \otimes dx + dy \otimes dy)$$

on  $H$ . The geodesics are therefore determined by the Hamiltonian function  $K : T^*H \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  given by

$$K(x, y, p_x, p_y) = \frac{y^2}{2} (p_x^2 + p_y^2).$$

- (a) Determine the lift to  $T^*H$  of the action of  $H$  on itself by left translation, and check that it preserves the Hamiltonian  $K$ .  
(b) Show that the functions

$$F(x, y, p_x, p_y) = yp_x \quad \text{and} \quad G(x, y, p_x, p_y) = yp_y$$

are also  $H$ -invariant, and use this to obtain the quotient Poisson structure on  $T^*H/H$ . Is this a symplectic manifold?

- (c) Write an expression for the momentum map for the action of  $H$  on  $T^*H$ , and use it to obtain a nontrivial first integral  $I$  of the geodesic equations. Show that the projection on  $H$  of a geodesic for which  $K = E$ ,  $p_x = l$  and  $I = m$  satisfies the equation

$$l^2 x^2 + l^2 y^2 - 2lmx + m^2 = 2E.$$

Assuming  $l \neq 0$ , what are these curves?

2. Recall that the Euler top is the mechanical system determined by the Lagrangian function  $L : TSO(3) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  given by

$$L = \frac{1}{2} \langle I\Omega, \Omega \rangle,$$

where  $\Omega$  are the left-invariant coordinates on the fibers resulting from the identifications

$$T_S SO(3) = dL_S(\mathfrak{so}(3)) \cong \mathfrak{so}(3) \cong \mathbb{R}^3.$$

- (a) Show that if we use the Euclidean inner product  $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$  to identify  $(\mathbb{R}^3)^*$  with  $\mathbb{R}^3$  then the Legendre transformation is written

$$P = I\Omega,$$

where  $P$  are the corresponding left-invariant coordinates on  $T^*SO(3)$ .

- (b) Write the Hamilton equations on the reduced Poisson manifold  $T^*SO(3)/SO(3) \cong \mathbb{R}^3$ . What are the symplectic leaves? Give an example of a nonconstant Casimir function.
- (c) Compute the momentum map for the lift to  $T^*SO(3)$  of the action of  $SO(3)$  on itself by left translation.